Lesson 9

Directions and Encouragement
Directions and Encouragement

Lesson Overview

In today’s lesson parents will discover the components of effective directions for children. They will also learn how to balance the giving of directions with the giving of encouragement. Parents will practice by studying a variety of practice scenarios, selecting a response and role-playing how they would give directions combined with encouragement.

What Should Happen

You will give effective directions and helpful encouragement to create structure and discipline for your family.

Take Away Messages

1) There should be many tools in your parenting toolbox. Not every tool is a good match for every situation and/or family. If you have many choices, you as the parent can select the best tool for your family and the situation you are in.

2) Yelling and shouting orders is rarely effective other than to train children to tune us out.

3) Giving helpful directions involves being clear, specific, speaking to the child at their level, and not giving too much to do at one time.

4) Giving helpful directions is a part of helpful structure. Structure needs to be balanced with nurture. Encouragement for compliance helps balance the giving of directions.
Agenda for Lesson 9

Post for class on an easel paper.

A. Take Attendance (concurrent)
B. Check In (10 minutes)
C. Emotion Regulation Practice (5 minutes)
D. Going Along With Adult Requests (5 minutes)
E. Review What Should Happen and Plan; Set Goals (10 minutes)
F. Parenting Toolbox (15 minutes)
G. Giving Directions (25 minutes)
H. Break (10 minutes)
I. Practice Giving Directions (20 minutes)
J. Encouragement (15 minutes)
K. Homework Assignment (5 minutes)

You will give effective directions and helpful encouragement to create structure and discipline for your family.
Preparing Your Classroom

**Easel Papers**

1. Prepare the easel papers with the following titles and/or content:
   - “Community Agreement”
   - “What Should Happen and Agenda” (on previous page)
   - “Giving Effective Encouragement”
   Post easel papers in the classroom when you arrive.

**Handouts & Worksheets**

2. Copy Handouts for distribution in class.
   Distribute handouts only when it is time for an activity. Parents will turn handouts in when completed. If there is a plus sign ‘+’ marking the handout, it indicates you should make extra copies. If there is a (1), you only need one copy for the activity.

   - + Handout 2.4 Learning Goals Journal Page
   - Handout 9.1 Giving Directions Activity Page
   - Handout 9.2 Helpful and Unhelpful Directions Cut-Outs

   Before class, cut this handout apart, mix-up the cut-outs in random order, and paper clip each set together. Distribute one set of cut-outs to each parent.

   - + Handout 9.5 Homework Assignment “Practice Giving Directions & Encouragement”
     (Make one copy per child.)

   Worksheets do not need to be copied. Parents will not be required to turn worksheets in.
   - Worksheet 9.4 Giving Effective Encouragement

4. Make prop for activity.
   The following is a prop for a group activity. (See Section I.)
   - (1) Prop 9.3 Giving Directions Scenarios
     You need just one copy of this handout. Cut up into strips, one scenario per strip, fold in half and put in a container for use in a random drawing.
5. Set out the following supplies:
   - Attendance sheet
   - Pencils
   - Masking tape
   - Post-it® notes
   - Markers
   - Learning Tree/roadways/signs

6. Set out the following special materials:
   - Balance Scale
   - Large/jumbo paper clips for directions and encouragement
   - TV and DVD Player
   - Video: “Parent Training IrisEd:” Effective Directions”
     Cue to segment #2 called Effective Directions in the middle of the video.
Lesson 9 - Directions & Encouragement

Attendance
A. Take Attendance (concurrent)

Check-In
B. Check-in (10 minutes)

Go around the room inviting parents to check-in with an “I feel… when…” statement regarding how they are feeling today. Also ask them what parenting technique they have been working on most recently as they parent their children. Encourage them to use the language of the curriculum.

Thank the class for sharing.

Ask parents to turn in homework from last class session: Handout 8.3 and Handout 8.4.

Handout

Emotion Regulation
C. Emotion Regulation (ER) Practice (5 minutes)

Ask a parent to lead emotion regulation today. Set up ER for them by having parents close their eyes, sit with their feet flat on the floor and their hands on their thighs. Ask them to think back to a time when they felt like all they did was give orders and directions to their children.

Ask the parents to think about how that made them feel and how they would describe the way they felt those feelings in their bodies. Then turn the ER portion over to a parent volunteer.

When the parent has completed ER, invite the rest of the group to give that parent feedback utilizing the following format: 1) What he or she did well, and 2) What they might try differently next time they lead ER. Participate in providing and modeling feedback for the other parents.

Lead a round of applause for the parent when the feedback is finished.
D. Gain Attention: Going Along with Adult Requests (5 minutes)

Ask the class:

How often do children comply with a command or direction given by their parents? What percentage of the time do you think children comply by immediately doing what a parent asks?

Hear responses and guesses. Children comply only about 70% of the time, or after 7 of 10 requests. This means that the average child does not comply 30% of the time, or after 3 out of every 10 requests.

E. Review What Should Happen and Agenda; Set Goals (10 minutes)

Children don’t always respond immediately to their parent’s requests, commands, or directions, and that can be frustrating. In today’s lesson we are going to add some more tools to our parenting toolbox that will increase the chance that our children will comply with what we ask of them.

Using “What Should Happen” as a guide, write a personal learning goal for yourself. Does anyone have an example? One example might be: “I’d like to come up with a list of helpful encouraging statements for each of my three children.”

Take a few minutes to write up some learning goals you have for yourself today, read them aloud, and attach them to the tree.

F. Stimulate Recall: Parenting Toolbox (15 minutes)

Last time we discussed the importance of balancing nurturing and structure. We used the scale to demonstrate the relationship between the two.

Call out some things you have learned that will help you connect and show love to your children.
When you think back to the journey metaphor with the cars on the road to adulthood, how did we represent this love and connection through pictures?

This is represented by the pictures we had of ourselves as gas station attendants filling our children’s tanks.

Even though love and nurture are absolutely critical when we parent our children, if that is all we did, our parenting would be out of balance. In order to balance the parenting we give to our children, we also need to offer structure, discipline and guidance.

When you think back to the journey metaphor with the cars on the road to adulthood, how did we represent this structure and guidance?

We represent this structure in our journey by the road signs, guardrails, dotted white lines, speed limit signs, etc.

In parenting, structure and guidance involve things like giving good directions, giving rewards when children go along with rules and directions, and giving consequences like work chores, timeout or timeout with back up privilege removal.

Add one marker cap on the other side of the scale for each kind of structure you name for a total of five marker caps, balancing the scales.

G. Provide New Content: Giving Directions (25 minutes)

We will begin today with a 5 minute video clip about how to give directions and positive encouragement for compliance. After we watch the video we will do an activity that will help you recall the important things to do when giving effective directions and encouragement to children.
Thinking about what you saw in the video, work alone or in teams of three to four to lay out these pieces in the order in which you think they should go. Don’t glue them in place until we debrief this as a large group. You have 15 minutes.

Debrief Activity: 10 minutes

Using an uncut copy of Handout 9.2, go through each characteristic asking parents to volunteer to:

1. Name a characteristic of helpful directions from the column, “To give helpful directions do this…”

2. The example they selected from the choices from the column, “For example”

3. An unhelpful example from the column, “But not this…”

Encourage participation from all parents.

Let’s take a 10 minute break. When we return we’ll get some practice giving effective directions. We’ll follow that up with giving encouragement for compliance. Next time we’ll talk about what to do when our children don’t comply with our requests.

H. Break (10 minutes)
I. Guided Practice: Giving Directions (20 minutes)

Form groups of three or four parents.

Using the cut up version of Prop 9.3 “Giving Directions Scenarios,” fold all of the pieces in half and put them into a container from which parents can draw. Mix up the pieces, then describe the activity.

Each team will draw one scenario from the container. Then, as a team, decide how you will provide helpful directions for the situation on your piece of paper. Plan a role-play that demonstrates your solution. You may use as many or as few of your team members as you wish. You will have 10 minutes to plan (so it doesn’t have to be elaborate). You do need to demonstrate your solution rather than describe your solution. Use the template you created during the discussion to help you select strategies that fit the scenario. Telling us is not the assignment. The assignment is to role-play.

Allow parents to select a situation from the container and give them 10 minutes to plan their role-play.

Which team would like to volunteer to demonstrate their role-play first? After you present your role-play the rest of the group will identify the helpful strategies you used to give your directions.

Conduct the activity. Lead the class in identifying the strategies each team used in their role-play.

Good job everyone. Now let’s see what we can do when our children comply with our directions.

J. Provide New Content and Guided Practice: Encouragement (15 minutes)

Often parents spend all day giving their children directions. They might give 20 to 30 directions in a day. Some parents believe that children should just comply, that it is expected, and that they shouldn’t have to give any words of affirmation, encouragement, or appreciation. Watch what happens to our parenting and to our children when we give lots of directions but never appreciate our children for their compliance.
Encouragement (continued)

Using the scale, do the following demonstration.

Call out several phrases representing “directions” statements placing the large paper clips in the clear container on one side of the scale.

D: Please pick up your backpack and put it in the closet.
D: It is time to brush your teeth and get in bed.
D: Please set the table for dinner.

What happens?

Our parenting becomes out of balance. Our children may feel discouraged.

Now let’s see what happens when we offer encouragement along with directions.

Remove all of the “direction” marker caps from the scale.

Alternate directions with encouragements, placing a paper clip on each side of the scale to represent a balance between the two parenting strategies:

D: Please pick up your backpack and put it in the closet.
E: I appreciate how neat the living room looks when all the backpacks are put away.
D: It is time to brush your teeth and get in bed.
E: Thank you for minding. Now we will have time for an extra story.
D: Please set the table for dinner.
E: Thank you for setting the table. It looks very nice.

Invite parents to come up and give a direction and encouragement, adding paper clips to each side of the scale as they do so.

Why is it important to provide encouragement and appreciation when children comply with our requests?
Encouragement (continued)

That is how we socialize children; all people should be appreciated for their positive efforts; you get the behavior you pay attention to; it is a nice thing to do.

From listening to the statements read by your colleagues, what are the characteristics of giving effective encouragement?

Record responses on easel paper titled “Giving Effective Encouragement.”

Hopefully parents will identify that the same characteristics apply for encouragement as apply for good directions: moving close, gentle touch, pleasant tone and facial expression, simple, clear, explicit, names the behavior you are recognizing.

You have come up with many of the characteristics of giving effective encouragement. You may want to add notes from the easel paper to your handout.

At the end of the discussion, distribute or ask parents to turn to Worksheet 9.4 “Giving Effective Encouragement,” and review.

Homework Assignment

K. Elicit Performance: Homework Assignment (5 minutes)

Distribute Handout 9.5 “Practice Giving Directions and Encouragement.” Review assignment and answer questions.

That is all for today. Thank you for all of your hard work. We will see you at our next class session. Please pass in your completed homework on Planning for My Family from our last lesson. Remember to bring your completed homework back with you.

After Class

Collect and count all supplies. Carry all supplies out. If you have fewer than you started with, inform an officer before leaving.

Record completion of Worksheet 8.2 “Planning For My Family” and Handout 8.4 “My Family Routines and Organization Plan” on each parent’s Handout 1.12 “Parenting Portfolio Checklist.”
Lesson 9

Directions and Encouragement

Handouts
Giving Directions Activity Page

To give helpful directions, match the cut-ups:

**Do this:**

**For example:**

**But not this:**
Helpful and Unhelpful Directions Cut-Outs

Cut up, paper clip together, and give one packet of cut-ups along with a blank activity page to each student.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Do this:</th>
<th>For Example:</th>
<th>But not this:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Go to the child and get their attention.</td>
<td>Touch gently or make eye contact. Get down to the child’s level.</td>
<td>Shout across a room or from another room.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Be clear and specific about what you want the child to do. Name behaviors.</td>
<td>“Please pick up the toys and put them on the shelves.”</td>
<td>“Get these toys cleaned up.”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Give one or two directions at a time, depending upon the child’s age.</td>
<td>“Please brush your teeth and put on your pajamas.”</td>
<td>“Go upstairs, put on your pajamas, brush your teeth, clean up your toys, and pick out a book for us to read.”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Use few words.</td>
<td>“It is time to get in the car.”</td>
<td>“Get in the car or else we will be late and then I’d be upset because we might miss our appointment and I would have to reschedule.”</td>
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<tr>
<td>Give a warning.</td>
<td>“In 10 minutes it will be time to come inside and have lunch so finish up what you are working on.”</td>
<td>“Get in here right now it is time for lunch. No, you may not finish your mud pie; come in now.”</td>
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<tr>
<td>Give a when/then direction.</td>
<td>“When you finish washing the car, then you may play softball with your friends.”</td>
<td>“If you don’t finish washing that car, you won’t be playing softball.”</td>
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<td>Thank the child for their cooperation.</td>
<td>“Thanks for making your bed, your room looks so nice now.”</td>
<td>“It is about time you got that bed made. For once your room doesn’t look like a pigsty.”</td>
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## Practice Giving Directions & Encouragement

For this homework assignment, you will write down some directions for the difficult situations below. The more practice you get, the easier it will be to give good directions in the heat of the moment. Please write down in the second column how you would say a direction for each situation. In the last column, write an encouragement you could say if your child did a good job of minding your direction.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Situation</th>
<th>Your Direction</th>
<th>An encouragement for going along with your direction.</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Your child is visiting you and is being noisy. You are worried that your visit will be ended early.</td>
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<td>Your child is on the phone with you, but won’t answer your questions.</td>
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<td>Your child won’t do chores your ex-partner asks them to do.</td>
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<td>You really want your child to do something they haven’t done before. They are afraid to do it, but you think it would be good for them to do.</td>
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Homework Assignment

Practice Giving Directions (continued)

Please make up a few scenarios of your own and write your direction and an encouragement you can say when your child goes along with your direction.

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<th>Situation</th>
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Lesson 9

Directions and Encouragement

Worksheets
Giving Effective Encouragement

Teaching children to comply with directions builds pro-social behavior and self-discipline.

When giving encouragement:

1) Tell the child exactly what he or she did well:
   “You folded the laundry, made your bed and vacuumed. Your room looks so clean!”
   Not
   “Your room looks nice.”

2) Avoid adding in anything negative.
   “You did a great job of remembering to put your bike away before coming inside”
   Not
   “You did a great job of remembering to put your bike away before coming inside. Why can’t you do that every day?”

3) Be brief and exact.
   “Thank you for putting the food away after making your snack.”
   Not
   “You are the best kid there ever was. I can count on you to always do what you are supposed to do.”

4) Use words children understand.
   “Thanks for remembering to rinse your dishes before putting them in the dishwasher.”
   Not
   “I really appreciate that you’ve taken into account my repeated requests to remove the residue from the plates before inserting them into the dishwasher.”

5) Remember to give encouragement with a friendly facial expression, eye contact, open body language and a pleasant tone of voice.
Lesson 9

Props

Directions and Encouragement
Giving Directions Scenarios

Cut up one set of these scenarios into strips, fold in half, and put in a container from which students may draw.

1. You need to get your 4 and 6-year-olds ready for bed.

2. Your teenager wants to go to the mall at noon. It’s 11 a.m. and she is still in bed. She has yard chores that need to be done before she goes to the mall.

3. Your 10-year-old son has homework and he wants to play outside with friends.

4. You are teaching your 3-year-old to clean up her toys. Her toys are spread all over the living room and you have grandparents arriving in 30 minutes.

5. You are working with your 5-year-old on cleaning up his place after a meal. When you walk into the kitchen you notice he has eaten and gone off to play, leaving his mess on the table.

6. Your 11-year-old has a friend over and the two of them have set up an elaborate hot wheels course in the bedroom and are having a wonderful time. They have been playing cooperatively for two hours. Soon it will be time for the other child to leave so your family can get ready for dinner and make it to a school meeting that night. What do you do about the hot wheels track? What do you say about their long, cooperative play? How do you end a positive playtime on a positive note?
Giving Directions Scenarios (continued)

Cut up one set of these scenarios into strips, fold in half, and put in a container from which students may draw.

7. You have stayed at work a little later to help out with an extra busy shift. You realize you won’t have time to get dinner ready and get to your evening class. You decide your 12-year-old son is capable of following some simple directions for making spaghetti and a salad. You call him on the phone before leaving work and say... what?

8. You won’t be home when your 13-year-old arrives home from school. You also won’t be near a phone where you can call. Write him a note that reminds him of what needs to happen when he gets home from school and anything else you think is important. Where will you leave this note that he is absolutely certain to see it?

9. Your 8-year-old daughter has two friends over and they are running around your apartment shrieking and laughing. You have had just about all you can take. You want them to stop what they are doing. Give directions for stopping, along with options for doing something else.

10. You are going out to a meeting in the evening and leaving your three children with a sitter. Their ages are 6 years, 8 years, and 10 years. Give directions to them regarding your expectations of them while you are out.